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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/521,176	03/08/2000	Toshiro Ozawa	SONYJP-3.0-106	1408
530 7	7590 02/03/2006		EXAMINER	
LERNER, DAVID, LITTENBERG, KRUMHOLZ & MENTLIK 600 SOUTH AVENUE WEST			SALTARELLI, DOMINIC D	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WESTFIELD,	NJ 07090		2611	
			DATE MAILED: 02/03/200	6

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

## Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
09/521,176	OZAWA, TOSHIRO	
Examiner	Art Unit	
Dominic D. Saltarelli	2611	

--The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --THE REPLY FILED 23 January 2006 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE. 1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time periods: a) The period for reply expires <u>3</u> months from the mailing date of the final rejection. b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection. Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f). Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL 2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on \_\_\_\_\_. A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be filed within two months of the date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a). **AMENDMENTS** 3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because (a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below); (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below); (c) They are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for appeal; and/or (d) They present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims. NOTE: \_\_\_\_\_. (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)). 4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324). 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): 6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling the non-allowable claim(s). 7. 🖾 For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) 🔲 will not be entered, or b) 🖾 will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended. The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: 1-3,6-13,16-23,26-32,35-38 and 40-49. Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: \_\_\_\_\_ AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE 8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but before or on the date of filing a Notice of Appeal will not be entered because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and sufficient reasons why the affidavit or other evidence is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome all rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1). 10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of the claims after entry is below or attached. REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER 11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: See Continuation Sheet. 12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper No(s). 13. Other: \_\_\_\_\_. CHRISTOPHER GRANT SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

**TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600** 

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:

First, applicant makes numerous arguments that no combination of Dunn and Sartain teaches addressing a user request e-mail message to a distribution controller of a transmitter (applicant's remarks, pages 12-16). However, Dunn clearly establishes that an order for a video on demand program is sent from the set top box to the head end. As shown in fig. 3 of Dunn, when a trailer for a video is displayed, the price fo the program is one of the items of information displayed to the user. As shown in fig. 5 and described in col. 5 lines 16-41, an order for a displayed program, said display including the price of the program, is sent directly from the set top box to the head end. Sartain discloses the order for a program may take the form of an email message. When the teachings of Sartain are applied to the system disclosed by Dunn, the resultant system sends an email message (as taught by Sartain) directly to the headend (as taught by Dunn). This is the prima facia case of obviousness set forth in the previous office action regarding the combination of Dunn and Sartain. Applicant's arguments against Sartain for not specifying the destination address of the email to be a distribution controller and applicant's arguments against Dunn for not specyfiying the headend as performing accounting functions are not persuasive because Dunn, clearly states on no uncertain terms, that the order for a video on demand service is sent directly from the set top box to the headend which distributes the video on demand service.

Second, applicant argues against Venkatraman as being non analogous art (applicant's remarks, page 17, third paragraph). However, as Sartain introduces the use of email correspondence to perform electronic transactions and convey information regarding electronic transactions, Venkatraman becomes analogous art as well, teaching the same concept. Identifying the differences between the nature of said electronic transactions is irrelevent, because email transactions can convey information on practically anything.